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# MEDICAL MANAGEMENT OF LICHEN PLANUS THROUGH AYURVEDIC PRINCIPLES: A CASE SERIES.

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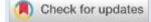
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#### **ABSTRACT**

Being one of the five sense organs, Skin plays a great role in the normal well-being of human life. The 21st Century, with its continuous changing lifestyles, environment, and dietary habits has made man a victim of many Skin diseases. Any ailment in the Skin becomes a great handicap in society because it is visible. The majority of Skin diseases are not as fatal as to kill the patient but create comparatively greater stress and strain on the patient. In Ayurveda, the word "Twacha" or "Charma' is used for Skin. Ayurveda has discussed all Skin diseases under the umbrella of Kushta<sup>1</sup>, in other word it can be listed as 'Ayurvedic dermatology'. Lichen Planus<sup>2</sup> is one such disease where its cases are increasing recently. Lichen Planus is considered an Immune-Mediated Disease and the exact cause is unknown. It is found in 0.5% to 2.6% of the general population<sup>3</sup>. Kitibha Kushta<sup>4</sup> one of the Kshudra Kushta<sup>4</sup> closely resembles the clinical symptoms of Lichen Planus. In the present study, 30 Subjects of Lichen Planus (Kitibha Kushta) were taken according to inclusion criteria. The efficacy of Virechana and Shamanoushadhi was assessed. Further, this study was also intended to assess the role of conducive diet and Lifestyle in the Management of Lichen Planus (Kitibha Kushta)

Kev words: Lichen Planus, Kitibha Kushta, Virechana, Karappan Kashaya, Conducive diet

### INTRODUCTION

The study of the Indian medical literature reveals that healthy Skin is the reflector of human personality. Any infection of the Skin is considered unhealth, which is evident from its description under the heading of Kusta illustrative of the disfiguring nature of the disease. Changes in Skin colour may indicate homeostatic imbalances in the body. Many interrelated factors affect both the appearance and health of the skin, including nutrition, hygiene, circulation, age, immunity, genetic psychological state, and drugs. The patients always experience physical, emotional & socioeconomic embarrassment in society. Lichen Planus is a Papulo-squamous disorder that may affect the Skin, Scalp, Nails, and Mucous Membranes. The specific feature of Lichen Planus is that it resembles purplish Lichens grow on trees in hills<sup>2,5</sup> Close examination of the surface of these papules often reveals a network of gray lines (Wickham's Striae). Kitibha Kushta holds good to correlate with Lichen Planus. Dooshivisha<sup>6</sup>(Latent Poison) and Gara Visha<sup>7</sup>(Concocted Poison) have a great influence on the development of Kitibha Kushta (Lichen Planus). A virus, drug, chemicals, or physical stress also have been blamed. Ayurveda emphasizes both (Internal Treatment) Antharparimarjana and Bahiparimarjana Chikitsa<sup>8</sup> (External treatment) to normalize Avasthika as well as Sthanika Doshas. In Kushta, Shodhana (Body Purification) is the effective line of treatment as it represents Bahu Doshavastha. Keeping these principles in mind, Samanya Kushta Roga Chikitsa, Koshta Shodhana, and the administration of Shamanaoushadhis along with Pathyapathya were selected for the present study. Hence in the present study, an effort was made to manage Lichen Planus (Kitibha Kushta) through Virechana (Purgation) and Shamana (Palliative Therapy) along with a Conducive Diet and Lifestyle in a single group of 30 patients through various observations and Statistical Methods.

# MATERIALS AND METHODS

### **Aims and Objectives**

- 1. To evaluate the effectiveness of *Virechana* by *Nimbamritadi Eranda Tailam* in the management of *Kitibha Kushta (Lichen Planus)*.
- 2. To evaluate the effectiveness of *Virechana* by *Nimbamritadi Eranda Taila* followed with *Karappan Kashaya* and *Haridra Khanda* in the management of *Kitibha Kushta*.
- 3. Proper implementation of conducive diet and lifestyle according to Ayurvedic advocacy.

# Study design

An Open Labelled Single Arm Exploratory Clinical Trial

### **Centre of Study**

Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya Hubli (Karnataka)

#### INCLUSION CRITERIA

- Subjects of *Kitibha Kushta* (Lichen Planus) on the basis of signs and symptoms like *Shyava* (*Brown*), *Kinakharasparsha* (*Touch like a Scar*), *Ugrakandu* (*Severe Itching*), *Parusha* (*Rough*), *Vrutha* (*Round*), *Ghanatwa* (*thick*)
- Subjects of either sex between the age group of 20 to 65years
- Subjects fit for Virechana Karma
- Subjects of Kitibha Kushta (Lichen Planus) with chronicity of less than 2years

### **EXCLUSION CRITERIA**

- Subjects with Uncontrolled Diabetes Mellitus and Hypertension.
- Subjects with Uncontrolled Metabolic, Endocrine, and Other Systemic Disorders.
- Subjects with HIV, HCV, HBsAg, Tuberculosis, and STDS.
- Pregnant Lady and Lactating Mother
- Subjects of *Kitibha Kushta* (Lichen Planus) with chronicity more than 2years

Table 1: Assessment Criteria

Sl. No	Parameter	Grade 0	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3
1	Kandu	No Kandu	Kandu is present but not disturbing routine work	Kandu distracted the Subjects attention	Intolerable Kandu distracting Subjects sleep
2	Shyavatha	Normal Skin	Mild Dark brownish or purplish discoloration		Severe Dark brownish or purplish discoloration
3	Parushatha	Normal Skin	Rough and mild scaling	Rough and moderate scaling	Rough and severe scaling
4	Kinakharasparsha	Normal Skin	Mild hard to touch	Moderate hard to touch	Severe hard to touch
5	Ghanatwa	Normal Skin	Less than 0.2cm	More than 0.3cm	More than 0.5cm

Table 2: Intervention of The Study

Sl No:	Procedure	Dravya	Matra	Duration
1.	Ama Pachana	Mustha Choorna <sup>9</sup>	5grams twice daily before food	Till Nirama lakshanas seen
2.	Sadhyo Snehapana	Tiktha Shadpala Ghrita <sup>10</sup> with Saindhava Lavana	80ml (Roga and Rogi Balanusara and Koshta and Agni)	1 day
3.	Sarvanga Abhyanga Sweda	Khadirasara Taila <sup>10</sup> Ushna Jala for Parisheka	Quantity Sufficient	1 day
4.	Virechana	Nimbamritadi Eranda Taila <sup>11</sup>	Based on to Roga and Rogi bala	1 day
5.	Shamanoushadhi	Karappan Kashayam (Anubhoota Yoga)	15ml twice before food	30 days
		Haridra Khanda <sup>12</sup>	5grams twice with Honey before food	30 days

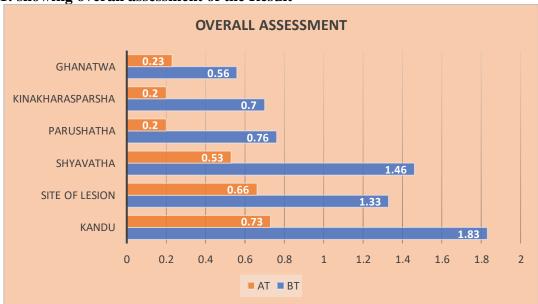
# **RESULTS**

Paired t-test was applied to see the significant change before and after treatment in assessment parameters and other data. All Parameters shows Highly Statistically significant Result. For Kandu p < 0.0001 with t value 8.462, Shyavatha p < 0.0001 with t value 6.158,

Kinakharasparsha p < 0.0001 with t value 5.385, Ghanatwa p = 0.0001 with t value 3.807.

### FOLLOW-UPS AND OUTCOME

After completion of treatment, there was a marked improvement in symptoms like *Kandu*, *Shyavatha* and *Parushatha*, *Kinakharasparsha*, *Ghanatwa*. There were no complications in any of the subjects during and after treatment. Follow-up was done in15<sup>th</sup> day and 30<sup>th</sup> days.



**Graph 1: showing overall assessment of the Result** 

In this study out of 30 subjects of *Kitibha Kushta* (Lichen Planus) a total of 14 Subjects had got marked relief, 7 Subjects had moderate relief, 8 Subjects had mild relief and 1 Subject remain unchanged after the treatment.

ACCRETATION OF SUBJECTS OF TESCHI CHINICAL STUDY

FIGURE1: Photography of Subjects of Present Clinical Study

### DISCUSSION

Skin is a mirror that reflects internal and external pathology and thus helps in the diagnosis of diseases. Variations in the environmental stimuli and the natural ability of the body to deal with these factors result in spontaneous remissions and relapses. Skin complaints affect all ages from neonates to the elderly and cause harm in a number of ways, such as discomfort, disfigurement, disability, etc. The prevalence of Oral Lichen Planus in the Indian population is 2.6% with a more female predilection. The signs and symptoms of Lichen Planus almost equalize with Kitibha Kushta. Kitibha Kushta is described as Vata Kapha's predominant disorder. In the treatment of Kushta Brihatrayi has advised Shodhana Chikitsa. Among the Shodhana Karmas, Virechana is the best for Rakta Pradoshaja Vikaras. Shamana therapy is much more effective after Shodhana Karma, for this purpose combination of Tikta Rasa Pradhana Dravyas (Anubhoota Yogas) have taken and Haridra Khanda is taken for Rasayana purpose.

Musta Choorna was selected for Ama Pachana, and it acts as Deepana and Pachana in nature. Prior to the administration of Snehapana, the body must have a Niramaavastha which is achieved by Deepana and Pachana. Pachana augments the which gastric fire. in turn activates biotransformation at the Dhatu as well as Srotas level. Snehapana is the groundwork for the succeeding Purificatory procedures. The procedure of administering Sneha for a short duration or a single day to achieve the Samyak Snigdha Lakshanas of Snehana instantaneously. Ghrita promotes the process of digestion, absorption, and delivery to the target organ system. Since the active ingredients are mixed with Ghritha they are easily absorbed.

Tiktha Shadpala Ghritha was taken for Sadyosnehapana which possesses Tiktha, Katu, Kashaya Rasa, and Laghu Ruksha Guna, and Tridoshahara especially Kapha Vatha Shamaka and acts as Kushtaghna, Kandughna, Krimighna, and Raktha Shodhaka. Khadirasara Taila was used for

Abhyanga where Khadira is Tikta, Kashaya Rasa. Sheetha Virya and its Vipaka is Katu. It is said to balance both Pitta and Kapha Dosha and acts as a Rakta Shodhaka, Kushtaghna, Medohara, Krimighna as well as provides anti-fungal and anti-inflammatory effects. Acharya Charaka has mentioned Khadira as a prime drug for Kushta.

Nimbamritadi Eranda Taila is one of the best Medicine to treat Kupitavata, Shamana Kupitavata, and Sanchita Mala. So Virechana was done with Nimbamritadi Eranda Taila. Ingredients of Karappan Kashaya have properties like Kushtaghna, Kandughna, Krimighna, and Raktha Shodhaka. Haridra Khanda improves Skin Quality and complexion and is effective for Kandu, Visphota, Dadru, Sheethapitta, Kotha, Udarda. Acharya Charaka included Haridra in Kushtaghna Gana, Lekhaniya Gana, Tiktha Skanda, Vishaghna Gana, and Shirovirechana Gana. By Katu, Tikta especially Haridra Khanda clarifies Agnimandhya, thus increasing the Jatharagni which will lead to an increment of all Dhatwagni thus the Dushti of Rasa and Rakta will be pacified.

### **Discussion on Observation**

Most of the subjects were old-aged with Stressful minds. They are leading a sedentary life. During old age, among the Tridoshas Vata will attain dominancy, and also sedentary lifestyle will lead to the association of Kapha Dosha. Vriddhayu, Chinta, Bhaya, Shoka, and sedentary lifestyle give rise to Vata Kapha predominant Kitibha Kushta. All the subjects were from the Urban area. The urban people's lifestyle is associated with lots of tensions, Mental stress, psychological insecurities, and exposure to many types of pollution leads to unable to maintain personal hygiene. Most of the subjects were having a mixed diet which is Abhishyandi leading to Mandagni, and continuous usage leads to Raktadushti. The maximum number of Subjects had Vishamashana. Vishamashana will leads Vataprakopaka. Frequent eating of food even after not feeling hungry and Consuming junk foods are very common now a days. This leads to Agnimandya

and *Amotpatti* leading to the manifestation of the Skin Ailments.

#### **Discussion on Results**

*Kandu*: *Kandu* is mainly caused by *Kapha Dosha*, as well as *Pitta*; if *Kapha* is vitiated the *Lakshanas* like *Kandu* are aggravated. All the medicines were having *Kaphahara* and *Kandugna* properties. Thus, act as *Vata-Kapha Shamaka*.

Shyavatha: Vaivarnyata or discolouration of Skin in Kitibha Kushta occurs due to vitiation of Rakta, Prakopa of Pitta, and Vata. Avabhasini layer shows the Prakruta Varna of Twak. The normal function of Twakgata Pitta i.e Bhrajaka Pitta is responsible for the same. Most of the drugs used in Shamana are Rakta Shodhaka, Rakta Prasadana, and Varnya property and act in correcting Bhrajaka Pitta hence normalizing the colour of Skin.

**Parushatha:** The decrease in Parameter after treatment was statistically highly significant. This signifies that *Karappan Kashaya* along with *Virechana* is more effective in reducing this characteristic of the lesion.

Kinakharasparsha: The normal function of Sweda is Kledavidruti and it also brings about Twak Mardavata. The provoked Vata causes Kshaya and Shoshana of Sweda. Decreased Sweda diminishes Mardavata leading to Rookshata and Kharata. Drugs used here have the property Twachya which maintains the Mardhavatha of Skin and thus reduces the Kharatwa.

Ghanatwa: Ghanatwa is due to Kapha dosha and the involvement of Mamsa Dhatu. Kapha along with Mamsa produces Mandala Uthpathi in Kitibha Kushta. Here Vata and Kapha are the responsible factors for Balatva and Unnati. Medicines used were specially Vatha Kaphahara which helps in the relief of this Parameter.

#### CONCLUSION

Kitibha Kushta (Lichen Planus) is a Sharirika-Manasika Vikara with Vatha Kapha Dosha predominance. Unless the vitiated Doshas are removed from the body the disease does not respond to medicines. Purification by Panchakarma along with Proper *Pathyapathya* and lifestyle modifications are the chief treatments. This case series demonstrated that *Ayurvedic management* with *Virechana* as *Shodhana* Therapy along with *Samshamana Aushadha* seems very effective for the treatment of *Kitibha Kushta (Lichen Planus)* like Skin disorders.

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