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**Case Report** 

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# AYURVEDIC MANAGEMENT OF UTTANA VATARAKTA WITH SPECIAL REFER-ENCE TO VARICOSE VEINS- A CASE REPORT

IAM

Roopa.N<sup>1</sup>, Yasmeen A Phaniband<sup>2</sup>

1. pre-Final year P.G. Scholar

2. M.D, Professor Department of P.G. Studies in Kayachikitsa, D.G.M Ayurvedic Medical College, Gadag, Karnataka

Corresponding Author: apoorvanarayan1995@gmail.com

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## ABSTRACT

WHO defines Health as "A state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and merely the absence of disease or infirmity". The health of an Individual solely depends on his diet and lifestyle. But with the march of time in rapid modernization most dietary habits, social structures, lifestyles, and environments have been changing. The consumption of baked food, half-fried vegetables, etc causes incomplete digestion. Which is spreading its wings in remote villages too. Nowadays human being is vulnerable to many disorders due to their altered life style and food habits. *Vatarakta, Uttana Vatarakta*<sup>1</sup> is *a bahya* variety where the site of manifestation is *Twak* (skin) and *Mamsa* (Muscles), Presents signs and symptoms of blackish, reddish, or coppery coloured skin associated with itching, oozing, pain, etc. Varicose veins<sup>10</sup> are defined as dilated, tortuous, and elongated superficial veins with reversal of blood flow due to incompetence of valves. Varicosities are more common in the lower limb due to the erect posture of the body. In this case, the cause is secondary due to occupational [standing for long hours], and signs and symptoms presented are Pain in both the lower limbs, nocturnal cramps, soreness, burning, edema, pigmentation, dermatitis, ulceration, and bleeding. It is an illness where both *Vata* and *Rakta* are afflicted by distinct etiological factors. Various *Panchakarma*<sup>3</sup> procedures and *Ayurvedic* drugs have been proved useful for this disease.

A 48year old male subject came to DGMAMC, GADAG, with complaints of swelling and blackish discolouration over both the lower limbs for 3 months. Associated complaints with severe Itching, burning, and bleeding on scratching. Received *Ayurvedic* line of management and got relieved with signs and symptoms. Key words: Uttana Vatarakta, Manjisthadi Kshara Basti, Varicose veins.

#### INTRODUCTION

#### Patient details:

#### Pradhana vedhana

A 48year old male subject came to DGMAMC, GADAG, with complaints of swelling and blackish discolouration over both lower limbs, pain while walking, and prolonged standing for 3 months. Associated complaints are severe Itching, burning, edema, pigmentation, dermatitis, and bleeding on scratching. Visited *Kayachikitsa* department with OPD NO.-22014762.

#### Pradhana vedhana vrittanta

The subject is said to be healthy 3months back but gradually developed pain while walking and stand-

ing, swelling, burning, and blackish discolouration on both lower limbs. Received allopathic treatment but could not find relief. Hence approached DGM Ayurvedic Hospital for Management.

#### Poorva vyadhi vrittanta

One year back with a history of whitish scaly lesions on the forehead, abdomen, lower limbs, lower back, and buttocks, and received *Ayurvedic* treatment and got cured. No Systemic illness was found.

#### Chikitsa vrittanta

Received *Ayurvedic* treatment for Kitibha kushta. *Kautumbika vrittanta* 

No such specific history.

#### Clinical examination

 Table 1: Table showing Pareeksha based on Ayurveda.

ASHTASTHANA PAREEKSHA	DASHAVIDHA PAREEKSHA	VIKRITI	
Naadi- 72b/min	Prakrita, Vatakapha	Dosha, Tridosha	
Mala, Prakrita	Sara, Madhyama	Dooshya, Rasa, Rakta, Maamsa	
Mootra, Prakrita	Samhanana, Madhyama	Srotas Rasavaha, Raktavaha	
Jihwa, Upalipta	Pramana, Madhyama	Srotodrushti, sangh	
Shabda, Prakrits	Satmya, Madhyama	Agni, Mandagni	
Sparsha, Ruksha	Satva, Pravara	Udbhavasthana, Amashaya	
ruk, Prakrita Aharashakti. Madhyama		Sancharasthana, Tiryakagatadhamani	
Akruti, Prakrita	Vyayamashakti, Madhyama	Vyaktasthana twak	
	Vaya, Madhyama	Rogamarga Bahya	
		Sadyaasadyata kruchrasadhya	

#### Lowerlimbs and skin examination<sup>10</sup>

Brodie-Trendelenburg test- negative Ochsner's Mahoner, s test-positive Pratt's test –negative Dermal flare (Thread veins) present Edema-itching-oozing-skin discolouration present Fibrin cuff theory is followed for pathogenesis.

#### Table 2: Examination based on the scoring system.

VENOUS DISABILITY SCORING SYSTEM			
Score 0	Asymptomatic		
Score 1	Symptomatic but able to carry out activities without any therapy	yes	
Score 2	Symptomatic – can do activities only with compression/limb elevation		
Score 3	Symptomatic – unable to do daily activities even with compression or limb elevation		

#### Laboratory investigations

AEC-620cells/cumm Hb%-11.3G/dl Sr. Uric acid-4.1 mg/dl RBS-86.2 mg/dl Pus cells-3-4/hpf Venous Doppler study: The right lower limb shows evidence of small varicose veins along GSV, below the knee joint. An incompetent perforator is seen distally. The Right S F junction is incompetent.

# MATERIALS AND METHODS

# Treatment plan

- Sthanika Abhyanga
- Sthanika mridu nadi sweda
- Karma basti

- Shamanaushadhi
- Pathya-Apathya palana

*Manjisthadi Kshara Basti- Manjishtadhikshara basti* is an *Anubhuta yoga* (established through empirical use) and is effective in the management of *Srotavarodha* (blocked channels).

Manjisthadi Kshara Basti is a combination of two Basti that is.

### 1. Manjishtadi kwatha Basti<sup>5</sup>- explained by Acharya Sharangadhara

	5	•			5
a.	Manjisthadi kwatha		Raktash	odhaka,	Raktaprasadaka and Tridoshahara

2. Kshara Basti<sup>4</sup>- explained by Acharya Chakradatta

b. Kshara Basti	Srotoshodaka
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#### Preparation of Manjisthadi Kshara Basti

Materials required are *Saindhava Lavana*, *Madhu*, *Panchatikta grita*, *Kalka*, Manjisthadi Kshara kashaya choorna, *Khalwa Yantra*, and *Basti yantra*. Method of Preparation of Basti

The different components of Basti should be mixed in the following pattern:

Saindava lavana

Madhu

Panchatikta grita

Kalka

Manjishtadhi Kshara kashaya choorna

*Manjishtadhi kwatha* drugs with their botanical names are:

- Manjishta Rubia cardifolia
- *Amalaki* Emblica officinalis
- *Hareetaki* Terminalia chebula
- *Bibhitaki* Terminalia bellirica
- Bhunimba Andrographis paniculata
- *Nimbha* Azharidacta indica
- Haridra Curcuma longa
- Guduchi -

# Method of Administration of *Basti*

#### Purvakarma

The procedure was well explained to the subject, and written consent was taken. Prior to *Anuvasana Basti*, *Laghu bhojana* was advised.

Tinospora cardifolia

Pradhanakarma Anuvasana Basti The Subject was subjected to *Mridu Abhyanga* with *sukoshna taila* and *Nadisweda* locally over Abdomen, buttocks, and on thighs. After Abhyanga and Sweda, the Patient was asked to lie down on the *Droni* in *Vamaparshwa* (left lateral position with right leg flexed) and asked to take a deep breath. *Sukoshna Anuvasana Dravya* was administered slowly with the help of *a Basti* syringe.

#### Niruha Basti

The subject was advised to come on an empty stomach, after confirming digestion of previously taken food and before developing hunger mridu Abhyanga with sukoshna Mahanarayana taila and nadisweda locally was done over the abdomen, buttocks, and on thighs. The patient was asked to lie down on Droni in Vamaparshwa (left lateral position with right leg flexed) and asked to take a deep breath. The anal orifice of the subject was smeared with oil for lubrication with the help of cotton wool. The tip of the catheter was also dipped in the oil or smeared with oil for lubrication. While holding the enema can in the left hand, kinks the rubber tube with the right hand to prevent leakage of the basti drug before administering. Enema can be elevated considerably, rubber tube was opened by releasing the kink. The basti dravya flows into the subject's rectum easily. At the same time, the subject was encouraged to take deep breaths. Before the enema can become completely empty, the rubber tube was once again closed by

kinking and then the catheter is withdrawn from the subject's anus to prevent the escaping of air.

#### Paschat Karma

As soon as the Catheter is removed, gentle strokes on the subject's buttocks for about a minute were performed. The subject was asked to lie down in a supine position gradually. In this position he was asked to rub his palms briskly against each other and at the same time should rub the subject's sole vigorously. Further, the Subject's legs flexed towards the hip and stays for a few minutes. Then the Subject was allowed to take rest for a while.

#### Precaution is advised during the procedure.

- Keep cotton wool (swab) in both ears.
- Do not expose to a cold environment.
- Do not eat cold food and drink cold water.
- Do not eat hard, spicy, oily food, and also avoid mental stress for better and fast results.

Date	Treatment	Medicine/Procedure
3/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
		Akrita yusha-100ml
4/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
		Akrita yusha-100ml
5/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm
		Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kshara kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml
		Krita yusha-100ml
6/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
		Akrita yusha-100ml
7/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm
		Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kshara kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml
		Krita yusha-100ml
8/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
		Akrita yusha-100ml
9/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm
		Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kshara kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml
10/6/22		Krita yusha-100ml
10/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
11/5/22		Akrita yusha-100ml
11/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila

#### Table 3: Showing schedule/Intervention.

	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm Madhu-20ml
		Kalka-10gm Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Total-415ml
		Krita yusha-100ml
12/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
		Akrita yusha-100ml
13/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml
		Krita yusha-100ml
14/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
		Akrita yusha-100ml
15/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm
		Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml Krita yugha 100ml
16/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Krita yusha-100ml Mahanarayana taila
10/0/22	Anuvasana basti	Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
	Thuvasana basa	Akrita yusha-100ml
17/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm
		Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml
19/6/22		Krita yusha-100ml
18/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms)
	Anuvasana basu	Akrita yusha-100ml
19/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga	Mahanarayana taila
19/0/22	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm
		Madhu-20ml
		Panchatikta grita-30ml
		Kalka-10gm
		Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml
		Total-415ml
20/6/22	• •	
	Anuvasana basti	
		Akrita yusha-100ml
20/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Kalka-10gm Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml

	Niruhabasti	Saindava taila-5gm Madhu-20ml Panchatikta grita-30ml Kalka-10gm Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml Total-415ml Krita yusha-100ml
22/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
23/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Niruhabasti	Mahanarayana taila Saindava taila-5gm Madhu-20ml Panchatikta grita-30ml Kalka-10gm Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml Total-415ml Krita yusha-100ml
24/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
25/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Niruhabasti	Mahanarayana taila Saindava taila-5gm Madhu-20ml Panchatikta grita-30ml Kalka-10gm Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml Total-415ml Krita yusha-100ml
26/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
27/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Niruhabasti	Mahanarayana taila Saindava taila-5gm Madhu-20ml Panchatikta grita-30ml Kalka-10gm Manjishtadhi kashaya-350ml Total-415ml Krita yusha-100ml
28/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
29/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
30/6/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
01/7/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml
02/7/22	Sthanika Abhyanga Anuvasana basti	Mahanarayana taila Sahacharadi taila(60ml) + Shatapushpa kalka(10gms) Akrita yusha-100ml

<b>Pathya</b> Laghu ahara,	Vyayama
Apathya	
Taila samska Katu, Dadhi,	avat ahara, Lavana, Aatsya
Shamanausha	
	Amritadi guggulu 1bd with water after food Shodhaka taila for external application twice
	Punarnava asava 10ml bd with sukoshna jala after food

#### **Table 4: Assessment of Results**

Features	BT	AT		
Daha (Burning sensation)	Present +++	Absent		
Shotha (Swelling)	Present ++	Absent		
Shoola (Pain)	Present	Absent		
Srava (Oozing)	Present	Absent		
Shyava varna (Blackish discolouration)	Dark	Light		

# Fig 1: Showing images before and after treatment. BEFORE TREATMENT AFTER TREATMENT AFTER FOLLW UP







# Probable mode of Action of Manjistadi Kshara basti<sup>6</sup>

- *Manjishtadi Kshara Basti* by its *Raktashodaka* and *Rakta Prasadaka* properties reduces inflammation and purifies the blood.
- The *Kshara basti* by its *Srotoshodhaka* property helps in clearing the obstruction in the lumen and improves circulation to the affected part.
- The above properties help in reducing inflammation and clots and enhance good circulation in the affected part.

# DISCUSSION

 Vatarakta<sup>1</sup> is a disease caused by vitiation of vata as well as rakta. Aggravated Vata is blocked by vitiated *rakta*, in turn leading to further aggravation of *Vata*.

- Nidana like Katu, Amla, Ushna, Vidahi Ahara, Adva, bhara, etc were observed is the subject and adviced to avoid those by guiding with proper pathya and apathya.
- Uttana Vatarakta<sup>2</sup> mainly affects Twak (skin) and Mamsa (muscles)
- Manjishtadikshara Basti is an Anubhuta Yoga (established through empirical use) and is effective in the management of Srotoavarodha (blocked channels).
- The incidence of *Vatarakta* is increasing with the speed of modernization as well. Hence educating the subject with *pathya ahara* and *vihara* is important along with *chikitsa* simultaneously.

By reading this article many readers will be educated about this kind of condition and can apply *the Ayurvedic* principle of treatment.

## CONCLUSION

- The subject was happy and satisfied with *the Ayurvedic* line of management for his condition and followed *pathya* and *apathya* with regular follow-ups.
- *Ayurvedic* line of management is very effective in such conditions.

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