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AYURVEDIC MANAGEMENT OF SRAVI VICHARCHIKA WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO WEEPING ECZEMA- A CASE STUDY

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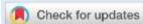
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ABSTRACT

Eczema is a common clinical condition result from inflammation of the skin. Which presents with intense itching maculopapular reddish rashes and oozing in the initial phase. It is having causes like Atopy, irritants, allergens, etc. In Ayurveda majority of skin presentations are included under *Kushta Roga*. One among them is *Vicharchika*, having reddish-brown skin lesions with intense itching and oozing. Presenting a case report of successful management of a *Vicharchika* patient aged 35 years male with complaints of reddish patches over the upper limbs, trunk, face, and neck associated with intense itching and exudation since 3 months.

Key words: Vicharchika, weeping Eczema

INTRODUCTION

Skin diseases are the most attending cases in a clinical setting due to their cosmetic, recrudescence, and chronic effects. Eczema also called dermatitis, is one of the common skin manifestations having genetic, immunological, and environmental causative background. It is of different varieties depending upon causes, specific features, distribution, etc. Generally,

in the acute stage, it is characterized by reddish, maculopapular rashes, itching, and exudation. The chronic case is more of dry lesions with thickening and dark discoloration of skin¹. In Ayurveda, *Kushta* is a disease in which we can include a vast variety of skin presentations. Broadly it is of two types – *Maha Kushta* and *Kshudra Kushta*, together constitute 18

types. Out of these, one type of *Kushta* is *Vicharchika*, characterized by reddish-brown discoloration with intense itching and oozing². As a treatment option, Ayurveda describes *Shodana* (purificatory therapy), *Samana* (palliative therapy), and the use of *Rasayana* (Rejuvenative medications). Here we are discussing a case of *Vicharchika* (acute eczema) and its successful management with *Shamana* treatment.

Case report\Information

A 35-years-old male patient with chief complaints of reddish skin rashes with itching and oozing over the upper limbs, trunk, face, and neck region since 3 months. The skin rashes started on exposure to cement dust 2 ½ years before. Initially, lesions appeared on both the hands and face, for the same he took folklore medicines and got temporary relief. Afterwards, he experienced episodic exacerbations and for that, he consulted allopathic and homeopathic streams of management. But he didn't satisfy due to frequent recurrence even after continuous medication. So, he approached our clinic with diffuse skin lesions over the upper

limbs, trunk, neck, and face, associated with intense itching and oozing. The condition got aggravated by sweating and exposure to heat.

No history of childhood eczema or any other atopic diseases

None of the family members is having any atopic background or similar complaints

Clinical findings on examination

Morphology - Maculopapular

Site of skin lesion – ventral and dorsal aspect of trunk, posterior aspect of the neck, both the upper limbs and face

Colour – Reddish brown

Surface – wet with crusts

Oozing - Present

Configuration - Grouped

Distribution – Asymmetrical, Centripetal

Margin – Diffused lesion with irregular margin

Table No 1: Assessment score on the basis of signs and symptoms

Clinical feature	Grading	Before treatment
Itching	0 – No itching 1 – Mild occasional itching 2 – Frequent itching 3 – Severe frequent itching 4 - Severe itching which disturbs sleep and routine activities	Grade – 4
Oozing	0 - Absent 1 - Mild 2 - Moderate 3 - Severe	Grade – 2
Discoloration	 0 – Absent/nearly normal skin color 1 – Reddish 2 – Reddish-brown 3 – Blackish red 4 - Blackish 	Grade - 3

Therapeutic Interventions

Table No 2: Oral Ayurvedic medications were given for Samana therapy. The details are given in the table below

Sl. No	Medicine	Posology	Duration	Anupana
1	Aragwadadi Kashayam	15ml + 45ml lukewarm water, morning & evening in empty stomach	1 month	Bottled <i>Kashaya</i> with lukewarm water in the prescribed amount
2	Vilwadi Gulika	1 - 0 - 1 after food	1 month	Lukewarm water
3	Triphala Tab	0 -0 -3 bedtime	Alternate days for one month	Hot water
4	Avipathi Choornam	5gm at bedtime	Alternate days for one month	Hot water
5	Guluchyadi Kashayam	15ml + 45ml lukewarm water, morning & evening in empty stomach	2 weeks	Bottled <i>Kashaya</i> with lukewarm water in the prescribed amount
6	Manibhadra Gulam	5gm at bedtime	2 weeks	Hot water
7	Kaivishaparihari Gulika	0 - 0 - 1	3 days	Lukewarm water
8	Nirgundyadi Kashayam	15ml + 45ml lukewarm water, morning & evening in empty stomach	2 weeks	Bottled <i>Kashaya</i> with lukewarm water in the prescribed amount
9	Amrutha Guggulu	2-0-2 after food	2 weeks	Lukewarm water
10	Ayyapala Thailam	For external application	2 months	
11	Avipathi Tab	0 - 0 - 3 at bedtime twice weekly	3 months	Lukewarm water
12	Chembaratyadi Kera Thailam	For external application	3 months	

Table No 3: Assessment of clinical features during the course of treatment

Table No 5. Assessment of chincal features during the course of treatment					
Medication	Duration	Effect of treatment on clinical features			
1. Aragwadadi Kashaya	One month	 Itching reduced considerably – grade 1 			
2. Vilwadi gulika		 Oozing – Absent 			
3. Triphala tab (alternate days)		Rashes became dry and started healing			
4. Avipathi choornam (alternate days)		 Discoloration – no noticeable changes 			
5. Guluchyadi Kashayam	14 days	• Itching – Grade 1			
6. Manibhadra Gulam		 Oozing – Absent 			
		 Discoloration – dark color lesions changed 			
		to lighter in color, grade 3			
The patient was vaccinated for covid-19, so med-		• Itching − increased to grade − 3			
icines were stopped for a few days					
7. Kaivishaparihari Gulika	3 days	 Itching – reduced to grade 1 			
8. Nirgundyadi Kashayam	2 weeks	 Itching completely relieved grade 0 			
		 Discoloration – noticeable change, not com- 			
9. Amrutha Guggulu Tab	2 weeks	pletely as normal skin, grade 1			
10. Ayyapala Thailam	2 months	Only a few lesions persist on the face			
11.	3 months,	To prevent recurrence			
a) Avipathi choornam	weekly twice				
b) Chembaratyadi Kera thailam		To improve skin color & texture			

DISCUSSION

The patient presented with intense itching and oozing lesion associated with discoloration of the skin, indi-

cating predominance of *Kapha Dosha*. Initially, treatment was started with *Aragwadadi Kashaya*, which helps to reduce oozing and itching by pacifying the ex-

cessively vitiated Kapha Dosha³ and reducing spongiosis. It also has detoxification and mild laxative action, thereby having a role in skin diseases. As the disease is irritant contact dermatitis caused by exposure to cement, so by considering the possibility of Visha (contact poison) Vilwadi Gulika⁴ is also advised along with the Aragwadadi Kashaya. It neutralizes toxins and also improves digestion and metabolism. Since it is a skin condition, having involvement of Pitta Dosha & Rakta Dhatu, he is also advised to take Triphala Tab and Avipathi Choorna on alternative days for daily mild purgation. Triphala Tab also aids in skin healing and has an anti- inflammatory effect. After taking these medicines for one month, there was considerable relief in itching and oozing. As the skin discoloration persists without much change, he was advised to take Guluchyadi Kashaya⁵, as it is Pitta - Kapha Shamana and Rakthaprasadhana along with Manibhadra Lehya⁶ having purgative effect and useful in skin diseases. In between the treatment course, the patient discontinued medication for few days, as he was vaccinated for Covid-19. Then he experienced slight increase in itching, so he was advised to take Kaivishaparihari Gulika for 3 days. It contains purified gold among the ingredients which exerts detoxification effect and rejuvenative effect on the skin. After this, the patient got considerable relief from itching. Then he was given Nirgundyadi Kashaya⁷, even though it is generally advised as antimicrobial, it is clinically found effective in skin cases having Kapha Dosha predominance. It is anti-inflammatory, improves digestion, and improves gastro-intestinal problems. Along with this, advised Amrutha Guggulu⁸ to correct the Pitta-Rakta Dushti and to aid its effect on the skin. Amrutha Guggulu contains Guduchi/Amrutha as the main ingredient, it helps in controlling inflammatory reactions associated with eczematous lesions by balancing the immune reaction. Ayyapala Thailam contains Swetha Kutaja as the main ingredient proven to be effective in skin diseases with itching. After the course of these medications itching and oozing are

completely relieved and only mild discoloration persists. So *Chembaratyadi Kera Thailam* was prescribed to improve skin color and texture. Also advised to take *Avipathi Choorna* twice weekly for three months to prevent the recurrence.

CONCLUSION

This study concludes the effectiveness of Ayurvedic treatment in managing eczema with the *Vicharchika Kushta* treatment protocol. *Sravi Vicharchika*/wet eczema were found to respond well with *Kapha-Pittahara* and blood purifying medications at different stages as mentioned above. In this case, the abovementioned medications were found to be successful in improving cardinal signs and symptoms, preventing recurrence, and improving the quality of life of the affected person.

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