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THE ROLE OF BASTI IN AGNIDEEPANA.

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ABSTRACT

Ayurveda, being the science of life, believes that for the 'Swastha' state of the individual, Dosha, Dhatu, Mala and Agni should be in 'Sama' Avastha along with harmony in Indriyas, Atma and Mana. Agni is considered the most crucial entity in our body as it is the origin of our lives and maintaining health. Any abnormality in Agni may cause a diseased condition, which in turn may be responsible for the death of an individual. To perform chikitsa of any vyadhi, Vaidya should initiate with correction of Agni. There are many ways Agni Deepana is explained in Ayurvedic classical texts, and Panchakarma is one of them. Basti karma, in particular, is praised as the Best and Ardha Chikitsa. Basti karma plays an essential role in Agnideepana by acting on multiple factors affecting Agni. Also, some specific basti formulations are explained in samhitas for Agni Deepana. This study is an effort to understand the least considered Agni Deepana karma among all karmas of Basti, highlighting the urgency of maintaining balance in Agni.

Keywords: Agni, Basti, Deepana

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda, the science of life, emphasizes the importance of *Agni* in all classical texts. *Agni* is the main factor responsible for an individual's life. Any abnormality or disturbance in *Agni* leads to vitiation

of doshas and *vyadhi nirmiti*. In today's world, factors like changed dietary habits, lifestyle, stress, etc. are predominant *hetus* for causing *agnimandya* and *vyadhis*. To correct this, *Agnideepana chikitsa* can be

performed using various methods per ayurvedic classical texts, including some *Agni Deepana Ahara* and *Aushadhi* in different formulations and *Panchakarma* procedures. This study aims to explore the role of *Basti* in *Agnideepana*, a crucial but least considered Agni Deepana karma among all karmas of Basti. The purpose of this study is to contribute to the understanding and practice of Ayurveda by shedding light on this often-overlooked aspect of *Agnideepana*.

Basti karma among the *Panchakarma* procedures is consistently praised as the *best chikitsa*, *ardha chikitsa* or sometimes the whole *chikitsa* of vyadhis.^[3] *Basti* can perform karmas like *samshodhan*, *Samshaman*, *sangrahan*, *bruhan*, *lekhan*, *vrushya* etc. *Agni Deepana* is one of the

karmas of basti that is always performed but is the least considered to be performed individually. In samhitas, Acharyas explains many basti formulations, including yapana basti, to perform Deepana karma specifically. Usually, basti karma does not require agni directly to act in the body as vamana, virechana, and snehapana as their Purva karma; it is not considered for Deepana in daily practice or for some avasthas. Basti acts miraculously on Agni by correcting multiple factors affecting Agni. This study helps to understand the mode of action of Deepana of basti and different Deepana basti formulations.

AIM:

To study the role of *Basti karma* in *Agni Deepana*. **OBJECTIVES:**

- 1) To study the mode of action of *Basti* in *Agni Deepana*.
- 2) To study different *Basti* formulations having a '*Deepana*' effect in *Samhitas*.

MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A review of classical texts of *Ayurveda*, i.e. *Charak Samhita, Sushrut Samhita, Ashtanga Hridaya, Sharangdhara Samhita, Bhavaprakasha* was done thoroughly to understand concepts related to *Agni, Deepana Karma* and *Basti karma* along with some specific Basti formulations having *Deepana* effect.

DISCUSSION

CONCEPT OF AGNI IN AYURVEDA:

Agni in Ayurveda is a pivotal force in the body that is responsible for health and longevity. Agni provides Varna, Bala, Swasthya, Utsaha, Upachaya, Prabha, Oja and Prana to every ling being.^[4] Agni mainly performs pachan karma in the body. Agni and Pitta are interrelated to each other. Sushrutacharya has explained Na Khalu Pittavyatirekat Agni:/.^[5] Also, Charak Samhita elaborates that Agni, in the form of pitta, performs different Prakrut and Vikrut functions in the body as Pakti, Darshan, Matravat Ushma, Prakrut Varna Shaurya, Harsha, Prasad And Apakti, Adarshan, Amatravat Ushma, Vikrut Varna, Bhaya, Krodha, Moha respectively.^[6]

Thirteen types of Agni are explained in Ayurveda-Jatharagni, Panchabhautik Agni And Sapta Dhatwagni. Jatharagni is the primary form of agni present In Nabhi Urdhwa Bhag -Grahani and performs the function of Ahar Pachan And Sara Kitta Vibhajan.^[7] Panchabhautik Agni, I.E. Akash Bhutagni, Vayu Bhutagni, Teja Bhutagni, Aapa Bhutagni, And Prithvi Bhutagni are present in our body as well as in ahara we take. These help to perform the Pachan of the respective Guna Ahara. Sapta Dhatu, which helps to maintain harmony of body functions, are produced by the Saptu-Dhatwagni of each Dhatu. Sapta Dhatwagni is a more minor component of Jatharagni residing with each dhatu that leads to Dhatu Vruddhi Or Kshay.^[8]

Pittadhara Kala is also *Sthana Of Agni*, which is in between *Amashaya And Pakwashaya*, *i.e. Grahani*. It digests four types of *Ahara*, absorbs the *Poshak Bhaga* and passes forward *Kitta Bhaga*.^[9]

FACTORS HAVING EFFECT ON AGNI:

Although the *Agni* seems like a single entity or digestive fire in our body, multiple factors are responsible for its maintenance and proper functioning.

1) Pachak Pitta:

Pitta And Agni are inseparable from each other. When pitta elevates its *Tejas guna* and sacrifices its Drava Guna to perform *Pachan Karma*, it is called *Anala Or Agni*.^[10] *Sthana*, Properties and Karma of *Pitta* and *Agni* are the same.

2) Vata dosha/ Saman Vayu:

While explaining the *Karma* of *Prakrut Vata Dosha*, acharya has explained Samirano Agne:|, i.e. *vata* inspires *Agni* to keep it burning.

Precisely subtype of *Vata- Samana Vayu* resides near *Agni In Koshtha At Parshwa Sthan Of Agni And* performs the primary function of *Agni Sandhookshana* means ignition and maintenance of *Agni*. It provides strength to *Agni*. ^[11]

3) Purisha:

Purisha is one of the *Trimalas* of the body; it performs *Avashtambha Karma*. *Avashtambha* means *Dharana Of Purisha* for the required period. According to *Sushruta Samhita*, *Purisha* performs *Vayu And Agni Dharana* functions.^[12]

4) Grahani:

Grahani is a part of *Annavaha Srotas* and also *Sthana* of *Agni. Grahani* is also sthana of *Pittadhara Kala.* It mainly performs *Ahar Pachan, Dharan, Sara-Kitta Vibhajan Karma. Agnibala* is dependent on *Grahanibala. Grahani Dushti* occurs primarily due to agnimandya, leading to more *Agnidushti* and vice versa. 3) *Kapha Dosha*:

Kapha dosha, mainly Kledak Kapha, is present in Amashay in Prakrut Avastha, and quantity indirectly helps maintain Agni.

4) Aama Dosha:

Aama is produced in the body because of mainly agnimandya. It produced *Aamadosha* because of its properties, similar to vikruta kapha dosha, depriving *Agni* again and weakening it.

5) Aavarana:

In Samanavrutta Apana Vayu, Grahani Dushti is observed along with shoola at Amashaya Pradesha and Lakshana In Grahani Vyadhi, Indicating Agnidushti.^[13]

6) Dehabala:

Dehabala depends on different body factors, and agni is one of those factors. *Dehabalakshay*, due to *Vyadhis*, may also affect *Agni*.

CHIKITSA OF AGNI:

Agnidushti Or Agnimandya can occur in multiple ways and Hetus by hampering one or more factors affecting Agni. The central life of treatment of Agni is Deepana Chikitsa. As described in Sharangdhar Samhita, Deepana Karma enhances or ignites the Agni but does not perform the Pachan Of Aama. Mishreya is an example of a dravya that performs Deepana Karma.^[14] Many Dravyas act as Deepana and perform both Deepana And Pachan Karma.

Deepana Karma can be performed in many ways, i.e. by Deepana Ahara like Peya, Deepaniya Yavagu, Deepaniya Aushadhi Sevan Like Pippali, Vaishvanara Churna, Agnitundi Vati Etc.

Panchakarma procedures, which are mainly for *Shodhana* purposes, play a vital role in *Agnideepana* and *Agnivardhana*. Benefits of *Shodhana* include *kayagni Vardhan*. *Vaman And Virechana Karma* that can be performed in *Bahu Dosha Avastha* surely enhance the *Agni* by *Dosha Shodhana* but rely on *Agni* for *Purva Karma, Pradhan Karma And Pashchat Karma As Samsarjana Krama*. During *Pradhan Karma Of Vaman And Virechana, Agni* is directly involved in carrying out the procedure correctly.

DEEPANA KARMA OF BASTI:

Basti karma is one of the *panchakarma* procedures that can perform *Shodhana And Bruhan Karma*. Basti *karma* performs *dosha shodhana*. It is beneficial for *Koshthagata Rogas*. It enhances *Agni And Bala*, *Varna*, *Medha*, *And Ayu Vruddhi*. ^[15]

Basti enhances or ignites *Agni*, i.e. performs *Deepana Karma Of Agni* by

- 1) Increasing *Sarabhuta Pitta* having the same properties as *Agni*.
- 2) Increasing Grahani Bala
- 3) Increasing strength of *Samana Vayu* Performing *Sandhookshan*
- 4) By Chhedana Of Vikrut Kapha Or Aama Dosha
- 5) By removing the Avarana Of Dosha
- 6) Increasing Dehabala

Deepana karma by Niruha basti-

Niruha Basti Is Shodhana Basti; it reaches *Nabhi*, *Kati, Parshwa, And Kukshi*, which are *Sthana Of Vata And Agni*, spread to the whole body by its veerya and performs *Dosha Vilodana* and *Purish Dravikarana* and eliminates dosha from the body through anal route along with *Purisha*.^[16] It gives Prakruta Adho Or Anuloma Gati to the Apana Vayu, which in upwards direction gives proper Gati To Samana Vayu, Vyana Vayu, Udana Vayu And Prana Vayu. It nourishes all Vayu and helps them perform their Prakrut Karma.

Samyak Yoga Of Niruha Basti enhances Agni by eliminating the Srotorodha In Pakwashaya and Koshtha, Shodhana Of Doshas and nourishment of prakruta vata dosha. It directly reaches Pakwashaya And Grahani, increasing the Bala Of Grahani, which increases Agnibala. Basti acts on Purishadhara Kala and Pittadhara Kala and improves their functions.

Deepana karma by Anuvasana basti-

Anuvasana Basti is predominantly of Bruhan properties. Mainly, Sneha Dravya is used in Anuvasana Basti viz. Taila And Ghrita. Ghrita has Agnideepana property as Prabhava. Siddha Sneha with Deepaniya Dravyas, when administered through the anal route as Anuvasana Basti, acts as Bala Vruddhikara of Koshtha And Grahani. It also helps ignition Agni as Ahuti given in Yadnya Karma.

Specific Avastha to perform basti for Deepana karma-

There are many ways *Agnideepana* is explained in *Samhitas* and performed in day-to-day practice. Some of them are easy to perform and administer. So, why is Agnideepana by *Basti* necessary?

1) In some Vyadhis with Jeerna Avastha and Grahani Dushti, Deepana Karma, by all means,

DEEPANA BASTI FORMULATIONS:

There are many basti formulations described in samhitas that perform Agnideepana karma.

Sr.No.	Name of Basti	Reference	Contents	Karma/ Indication	Mode of action
1)	Hapushadi Yapana Basti	Cha. Si. 12/3 A.H.K.4/30	Hapusha,Yava Ksheerpaka, Madhu, Ghrita, Lavana, Taila	Agnideepana, Agnibalajanana	Agnivruddhi Pittavruddhi
2)	Shatapushpadi Yapana Basti	Cha. Si 12/13	Shatapushpa, Madhu, Taila, Saindhav	Agnideepana	Agnivruddhi Pittavruddhi
3)	Deepana Basti	Sha. U. 6/31	Hapusha, Ghrita, Saindhav, Taila, Madhu	Param deepana	Agnivruddhi Pittavruddhi
4)	Chitrakadi anuvasana	Su.Chi.37/15-18	Chitrak, Ativi-	Alpa agni	Agnivardhan,

should be performed to achieve the *Deepana* effect of *Agni* within a short time. When *Dosha* are *Leen* and residing in *Pakwashaya*, they should be eliminated by *Deepana And Virechana*. But, when the patient is *Virechana Anarha*, *Deepaniya Dravya Basti* can be performed.

- When in Chikitsa Of Grahani, after Virechana Koshtha Rukshata And Malabaddhta is present, Deepana And Vatanashak Dravya Siddha Anuvasana should be performed.^[18]
- When Agnimandya is present due to Udavarta, Niruha And Anuvasana should be administered to patients. When performed with Deepana Dravya, it gives better results.^[18]
- 4) When *Virechana* cannot be performed due to durbala, the patient should be treated with *Niruha Basti With Deepana, Pachana Dravyas, And Ahara*.^[19]
- 5) Basti is considered as better than Virechana because though Virechana performs dosha shodhana, it has Katu Teekshna, Ushna Aushadhi, Can Cause Utklesha, Udgara, Ahrudyata And Koshtha Ruja. Also, virechana cannot be performed in Bala, Vruddha, Or Durbala Ruguna. All these can be avoided by Asthapana Basti, which achieves all the benefits of Virechana. ^[20]
- 6) In Avaranjanya Samprapti, specifically in Samanavruta Apana, Deepana Karma should be performed.

	Basti		sha, Patha, Danti		Pittavruddhi,
					Vatanulomana
5)	Madhutailik Basti	Sha.U.6/28-30	Madhu, Taila,	Deepana	Kapha-vatanashan,
			Saindhav,		vatanulomana
			Erandmoola		
6)	Erandamooladi Basti	Cha.Si 3/38-42.	Erandamola,	Deepana	Kapha-vatahar
		A.H.K.4/17,18	Laghu panch-		Lekhan, Vatanulomana,
			mool,		Pakwashay shodhan
			Rasna etc.		
7)	Koshatakyadi Niruha	Cha. Si.3/56-57	Koshataki,	Mandagni	Kapha chhedna, pitta-
	Basti	A.H.K.4/30	Aragwadha,		vardhan
			Devadaru, Kulat-		
			tha		
8)	Rasnadi Niruha Basti	Cha.Si.3/61-64	Rasna, Vidanga,	Agnideepana	Pittavardhan,
			Darvi,		Vatanulomana
			Erandmoola		
9)	Guduchyadi niruha	Su.Chi. 38/ 47-	Guduchi, Tripha-	Agnivardhanam	Kapha chedan, vatanulo-
	basti	50	la, Rasna,		mana, dehabalavardhan
			Bala etc.		
10)	Bhadranimbakulatthadi	Su.Chi. 38/ 50-	Bhadra, nimba,	Anagnina	Rukshan, Kapha chedan,
	Niruha basti	63	Kulattha etc.	upayujyate	pittavardhan

CONCLUSION

As the *hetu* of one's life and death, health and *vyadhi* are the most critical part of *Agni*. Many factors cause *Vikruti* in Agni, causing the development of many *Vyadhis*. Maintenance of *Agni* plays an essential role in maintaining health and preventing and managing *vyadhis*. *Agnideepana* is a treatment which can be achieved in many ways. *Basti*, also the most critical chikitsa, helps maintain and correct *Agni*. Many *Deepana Basti* formulations explained in *Samhitas* act on factors affecting *Agni* and fix them to perform *Agnideepana Karma*.

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